



IVAN SERGEEVICH TURGENEV'S ROLE IN RUSSIAN LITERATURE

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ABSTRACT

This work describes and analyzes the role of outstanding Russian writer Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev in the development of Russian classic literature. The most prominent works of the writer is discussed in the article.

Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev is one of the most famous and popular writers of the 19th century. His work had a huge influence on the development of Russian literature and culture in general. Turgenev is considered one of the creators of the realistic movement in Russian literature, which became the basis for many writers of subsequent generations. To analyze the role of the work of I.S. Turgenev in Russian literature, we used the methods of literary analysis and historical analysis.

Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev (1818-1883) is one of the writers who made the most significant contribution to the development of Russian literature in the second half of the 19th century. The real picture of modern life in Turgenev's works is covered with deep humanism, faith in the creative and moral forces of the native people, in the progressive development of Russian society. The writer knew that the historical movement was accompanied by a struggle of forces, interests and aspirations. He was convinced that literature helps society realize its goals. Expressing the thoughts, feelings and aspirations of its contemporaries, literature captures and transmits to future generations the spiritual experience of the era, which has lasting value, like the characters of people, generated by time. Turgenev's attention was constantly focused on new phenomena in the life of society. Deeply respecting the traditions of national culture, drawing creative impulses from them, Turgenev followed with interest and sympathy what was emerging, not yet noticeable to the majority of modern people. changes in public psychology, behind newly emerging ideological movements and social types. In his artistic understanding of reality, he was distinguished by exceptional insight and sensitivity. Turgenev was the first in Russian literature to create a book in which, through pictures of everyday modern village life and numerous images of peasants, the idea was expressed that then the enslaved people constitute the root, the living soul of the nation ("The Hunter's Notes").

I.S. Turgenev is considered one of the most significant writers of Russian literature. He made a great contribution to the

development of the realistic trend in literature, which became an important element of Russian culture. His works are distinguished by deep psychologism, vivid images and simplicity of language, which made his work accessible to a wide audience. An important achievement of Turgenev was the creation of the image of the “new man” in Russian literature. In his works, he portrayed a person who strives for spiritual and intellectual development, and not for material well-being.

Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev is an outstanding Russian writer, whose work had a significant influence on the development of Russian literature and culture in general. He became one of the founders of the realistic movement in literature, creating new images of heroes that became typical of Russian literature.

Ivan Turgenev was the first in Russian literature to begin to study the personality of the “new man” - the sixties, his moral qualities and psychological characteristics, thanks to him the term “nihilist” began to be widely used in the Russian language. He was a promoter of Russian literature and drama in the West.

Turgenev's first works, such as "Notes of a Hunter", "Rudin", "The Noble Nest" and "On the Eve", became widely known and received recognition from the public and critics. They were written in a realistic style, which was distinguished by simplicity and elegance of language, as well as deep psychologism and a realistic approach to the description of social phenomena. One of Turgenev's main contributions to Russian literature was the creation of new images of heroes. He introduced into his works not only representatives of the noble elite, but also ordinary people, peasants, who became the central figures of the plots. Turgenev drew attention to the problems of social injustice, to the tragedy of the little man in the big world, to the contradictions between individual interests and the interests of society as a whole. Another contribution of Turgenev to Russian literature was drawing attention to the importance of spiritual and intellectual development. He showed that the main wealth in life is the development of the spirit and mental well-being. He became one of the first to raise this topic in Russian literature. One of Turgenev's main achievements was the creation of the image of the “new man,” which became one of the most important elements in Russian literature. His works were full of psychological and philosophical ideas that caused a deep response in society and contributed to the formation of a new ethics, where the main importance was given to spiritual and intellectual development. Turgenev also influenced the development of the novel genre in Russian literature. He created a number of classic works in which the main characters were in search of their place in life and their true essence. This gave rise to a new genre of “psychological novel”, which became popular in Russia and then throughout the world. One of the key elements of Turgenev's work is his style. He wrote in a simple but elegant language that made his works accessible to a wide audience. The works of Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev occupy a special place in Russian literature. His work covers a wide range of topics and genres, from sketches to novels, from plays to essays. One of Turgenev's most famous works is *Fathers and Sons*. This novel became one of the key works in the history of Russian literature. In it, the author described the generational conflict that arose in Russia in the second half of the 19th century. He showed the contradictions between traditional Russian culture and new Western ideas that began to penetrate into Russia. Another iconic work of Turgenev is “*On the Eve*”. In this novel, the author described the love story of a young girl Avdotya and a senior official of St. Petersburg. The novel is distinguished by its deep psychologism and realistic approach to the

description of social phenomena. Also famous works of Turgenev are “The Noble Nest” and “Rudin”. In the first novel, the author described the love story of a young nobleman and a beautiful peasant woman, and in the second, the life and thoughts of a young intellectual who abandons the principles of society and seeks his place in life. Turgenev’s important contribution to Russian literature is also his theatrical activities. He wrote several plays, such as A Month in the Country and Two Women.

In general, the works of Ivan Sergeevich Turgenev remain an important source of information about life and social thought in Russia in the 19th century. They have become classics of Russian literature and continue to inspire generations of readers around the world.

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