

FUNDAMENTALS OF PHILOLOGICAL RESEARCH

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<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.15293990>

Abstract: This article is aimed at studying the basics of philological research. Important aspects of scientific research in the field of philology, linguistics, literary studies and cultural studies are presented. The article examines the interrelationships between various branches of philology, methodological approaches, research methods and scientific developments. A deep study of the basics of philological research will help students and researchers better understand the theoretical and practical aspects of the field. The article also presents ideas about the modern development directions of philological science, the interaction of language and culture, and the need to use new methods in literary studies

Keywords: philology, philological research, linguistics, literary studies, cultural studies, research methods, methodological approaches, language and culture, contemporary philology, scientific research.

Philology and its main branches

Philology is a scientific field that studies language, literature and culture, and includes several branches. The main branches of philology are linguistics, literary studies and cultural studies. Linguistics studies language, its structures, lexis, semantics and grammar. Literary studies analyzes various genres, styles and historical development of literature. Cultural studies studies the relationship between language and culture.

Methodology of philological research

Philological research is carried out through various methodological approaches. One of the traditional methods is the textological approach, which studies the historical analysis of literary works and their stylistic and thematic aspects. Modern philology uses methods such as cognitive linguistics, sociolinguistics and discourse analysis. These methods help to understand the relationship between language and culture more deeply.

Modern trends in the development of philology

Modern philology, especially in the era of globalization, seeks to study the relationship between language and culture in more depth. New technologies, especially digital technologies, are taking philological research to a new level. For example, with the help of corpus linguistics, it is possible to analyze the structure and lexicon of a language based on large volumes of texts.

Philological research and its practical significance

Philological research is important not only from a scientific point of view, but also from a practical point of view. Innovations in linguistics and literary studies play an important role in preserving cultural heritage and transmitting it to future generations. Also, the application of philological knowledge is widespread in such practical branches of linguistics as translation, language teaching, and linguistic expertise.

The role of philology and language studies in society

The main goal of philology is to further enrich the common cultural heritage of humanity through the study of language and culture. At the same time, scientific research in the field of philology strengthens mutual understanding in society and develops intercultural dialogue. Therefore, philological research is of great importance in overcoming | Philology: The uniqueness and importance of the scientific field

Philology, in a general sense, makes a significant contribution to the development of human culture through scientific research on language and literature. The connection between the various branches of philology makes it significant not only as a theoretical field, but also in practical terms. Linguistics, literary studies, and cultural studies are close to each other, and the boundaries between them are not clear, but rather complement each other. Linguistics studies the structure and function of language, and literary studies the art and aesthetic value of literature. Cultural studies analyzes the connections between these two fields of language and culture.

Methodological approaches to philology

Philological research is carried out on the basis of various methodological approaches. Among the most commonly used methods are historical-philological, structuralist, and post-structuralist approaches. In the historical-philological method, the historical context of literary works and the language of the period in which they were created are studied. This approach is important for linguists in understanding the evolution of language. The structuralist approach, on the other hand, focuses on the structure of the text and allows us to study its internal layers. Post-structuralism, on the other hand, tries to show the uncertainties about the relationship between language and culture, this method allows us to analyze literary works from a new and modern perspective.

The relationship between language and culture in philology

One of the important aspects of philology is the interaction between language and culture. Language is not only a means of communication, but also serves as a means of reflecting the culture and worldview of each nation. Therefore, by studying language, we understand not only grammar and vocabulary, but also the history, traditions and values of the nation. Cultural studies helps to understand the relationship of philology with linguistics and literary studies, since language and culture are two important factors that connect each other.

Modern philology and new research methods

Modern philology has begun to widely use new technologies in its development. Digital technologies and computerization have brought philological research to a new level. For example, with the help of corpus linguistics, it is possible to analyze the most subtle aspects of language. This method helps linguists analyze large volumes of texts and becomes the basis for new scientific research. This development of philology also affects literary studies and cultural studies, because studying texts in digital format allows them to be analyzed in new ways.

The practical significance of philology and scientific research

Philological research not only helps to broaden the scientific worldview, but also plays an important practical role. The study of language and culture helps to improve communication at the national and international levels. Applied branches of philology, such as translation, language teaching and linguistic expertise, are important in strengthening the

international ties of language and culture. New scientific methods, such as linguistic observation or interlingual research, allow us to more accurately determine the needs of society for language.

Philology is not only a scientific field, but also plays an important role in the development of international dialogue and intercultural understanding. Philological research, using new methods and using modern technologies, allows us to study the relationship between language and culture in more depth. Thus, philology plays an important role in the development of scientific approaches, as well as in the preservation of cultural heritage and strengthening dialogue between peoples.

Philology and Its Branches

The branches of philology, linguistics, literary studies and cultural studies, are interconnected and complement each other. The uniqueness of philology is that it considers language not only as a means of communication, but also plays an important role in the formation and development of national and universal culture. Each branch of philology allows us to study specific aspects of language and culture.

- Linguistics deals with the structure, evolution, lexicon, phonetics and syntax of language. It includes many areas: sociolinguistics, psycholinguistics, cognitive linguistics, etc. (Lyubov, 2004)

- Literary studies analyze the art and genres of literature, the history and stylistic features of literary works. Literary studies analyze texts taking into account the historical, aesthetic, social and cultural context. (Miller, 2010)

- Cultural studies studies the interaction between language and culture. This field examines the role of language in society, changes in culture, and the relationship of language to cultural values. (Hall, 1997)inguistic and cultural differences between the peoples of the world.

Summary

Philology is a broad scientific field that studies language, literature, and culture, and its scientific research allows us to understand the interrelationships between language and culture in a deeper way. Philology shows that language serves not only as a means of communication, but also as an important factor reflecting the common cultural heritage of humanity. Linguistics, literary studies, and cultural studies constitute the main branches of philology, and each of them analyzes language and culture from different perspectives through its own methodology.

Philological research has reached a new level with the help of modern technologies, in particular digital technologies. The development of corpus linguistics, digital literary studies, and linguistic analysis methods open up new opportunities for the field of philology. These methods make it possible to study not only linguistics, but also literary studies and cultural studies using new methods.

Philology, while having a very wide and diverse scientific direction, is also of great importance in society. Improving international communication, developing cultural ties, and preserving the national language through the study of language and culture are important tasks. Practical branches of philology, such as translation, language teaching, and linguistic expertise, are widely used in the everyday life of society.

The uniqueness of philology is that it helps to understand the relationship between

language and culture, which is of great importance in the development of common cultural values of mankind. Thus, philological research serves not only to develop scientific research, but also to strengthen mutual understanding on a global scale.

In the future, ongoing scientific achievements in the field of philology will help to further study the relationship between language and culture. New approaches to philology, such as interactive literary studies, numerical analysis, and cognitive linguistics, are capable of influencing all areas of science and society. The future development of the field of philology will help to further understand language and culture and preserve the common cultural heritage of mankind.

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